

Creating a trusted and secure research environment

Session 6 | Great Room 3 | 2.00-3.00PM



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Creating a Trusted and Secure Research Environment

Ewa Deelman

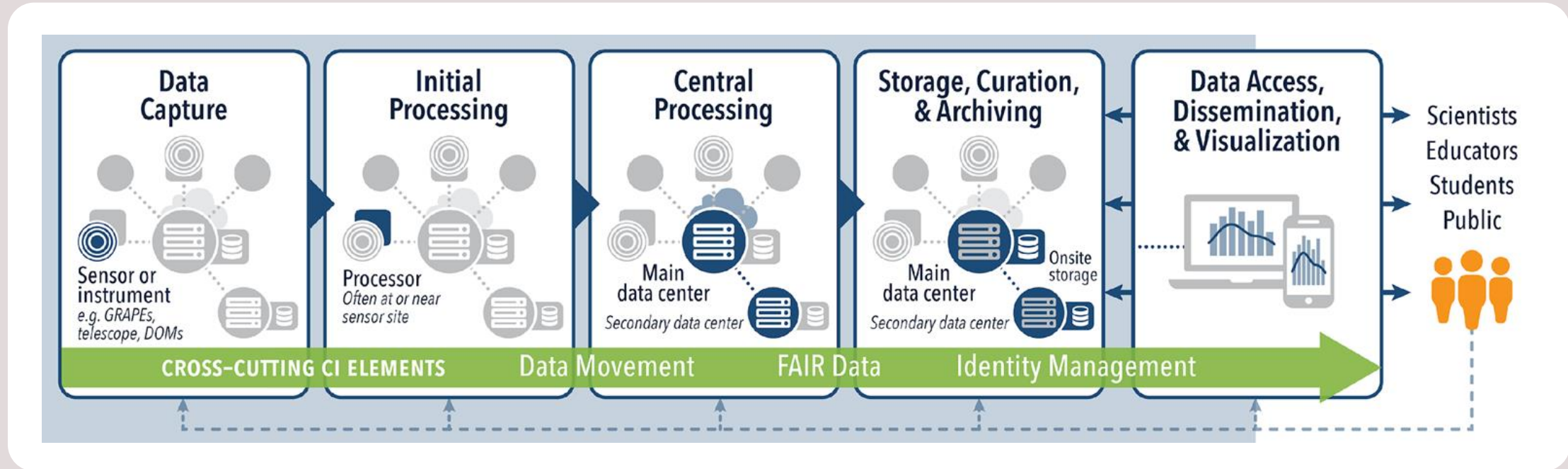
University of Southern California
Information Sciences Institute

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CI Compass, The U.S. NSF Cyberinfrastructure Center of Excellence



CI Compass services focus on providing expertise and support to accelerate the research infrastructures' data lifecycle

Data in NSF Major Research Infrastructures

Collective data

- Data is collected, calibrated, and analyzed by the collaboration
- The collaboration has all the details of the data collection and can influence how and what data is being collected
- Data is first disseminated within the collaboration for the purpose of research and after a period of embargo more broadly.
- Collaboration scientists are very familiar with the data
- Examples: high-energy physics, neutrino science, gravitational-wave physics



LIGO



IceCube

Although very complex, full, detailed data and metadata have a single steward

Community data:

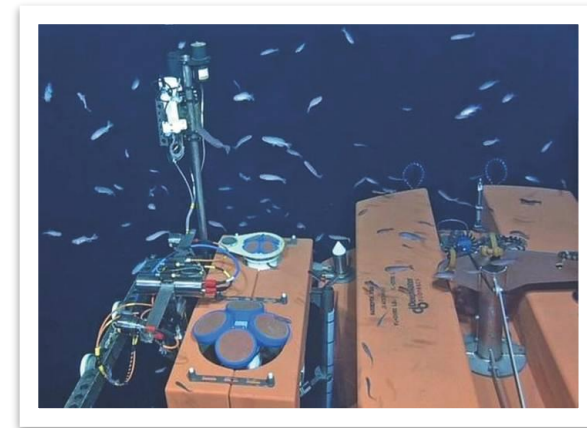
- Data collected by an RI for the purpose of generating data collections
- The RI does not directly conduct research on the data
- Data is used by scientists and the public who
 - Have limited influence on data collection or initial data analysis
 - Generally, have no insights into the data collection and analysis mechanisms beyond what is made publicly available



EarthScope



NEON

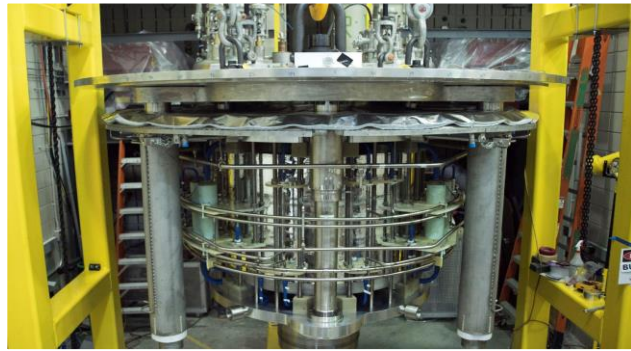


OOI

Although very complex, full, detailed data and metadata have a single steward

Principal Investigator (PI) data

- Data collected primarily by the PI and her/his team using the RI, and potentially additional instruments
- Data collected usually with a specific goal in mind (some information may not be captured or preserved) and for a specific domain
- Data products depend on information about the instrument
- The RI has no ownership of the PI data, or much influence over the data



NHMFL, MagLab



NHERI Shake Table



CHESS

Metadata and data have multiple stewards and are distributed: sample preparer, experimenter, RI expert

PIs often do not have sufficient CI knowledge, tools, resources for dissemination

Some data is never meant to be shared in its raw form

SANE – Workflow

STEPS

1. Agreement data provider and researcher
2. Data provider sets up SANE
3. Data provider makes data accessible
4. Researcher analyses data
5. Researcher deposits result
6. Data provider checks result
7. Data provider releases result



- SENSITIVE DATASET
- SECURE DATA STORAGE
- SECURE COMPUTING



SURF is the SURF is the ICT cooperative of Dutch education and research institutions. cooperative of Dutch education and research institutions.

Attributes of Trustworthy Data

- **Availability:** accessible to authorized users as per defined policies.
- **Integrity:** data remains unaltered and free from corruption.
- **Authenticity:** clear provenance and verifiable origins.
- **Reproducibility:** enables replication of scientific results.
- **Confidentiality:** sensitive information is protected.
- **Credibility:** managed by trusted, authoritative sources.

Stakeholders and Their Roles

- **Data Users:** researchers, educators, the public
- **Data Providers:** entities responsible for ensuring data integrity, authenticity, and access.
- **Infrastructure Providers:** ensure secure storage, transmission, and processing.
- **Facilitation and Compliance Professionals:** ensure ethical use, regulatory compliance, and policy guidance.
- **Funders and policy makers:** influence data management practices by setting requirements for data sharing, security, and open science.



How do we create a trusted and secure research environment?



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